ing cyclophosphamide(8,9). Cyclophosphamide has resulted in solid tumour induction in man treated for non-Hodgkin’s lymphoma.

As the cat had neurological signs (left-sided Horner’s syndrome, conscious proprioceptive deficit and reflex reduction in the left forelimb) when first presented, it is possible that the meningiomas were already present, but this is unlikely because of the history of trauma and subsequent development of the neurological signs, the age of the cat, and the initial, non-progressive nature of the neurological signs.

In our opinion the chemotherapeutic protocol utilised in this case not only resulted in induction of secondary multiple meningiomas but also contributed to the malignant transformation of these neoplasms. The increased use of chemotherapy in animals may predispose these neoplasms. The increased use of chemotherapeutic agents. In Goodman A G and Gilman A (eds) The pharmacological basis of therapeutics (8th edn). Pergamon Press, New York: 1209–1263

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Book review — Boekresensie

Wildlife resources — a global account of economic use

Edited by H H Roth and G Merz


The editors, together with a team of 31 contributors, have compiled an authoritative work on all aspects of the consumptive and non-consumptive use of wild animals and related aspects of domestication and conservation. The book is organised into 3 parts. The first deals with the concepts and importance, globally as well as particularly in our South African marine environment. Another is that the authors of the individual chapters are not named as such, which will make it more difficult to quote from this book in a scientific paper.

This very comprehensive and excellent text is highly recommended to all professionals involved in the conservation and utilisation of wildlife as well as to everybody else with an interest in this field.

F W Huchzermeyer
Pathology Section
Onderstepoort Veterinary Institute